

## FULL VALUE

The dollar SAVED is still worth one hundred cents—the dollar SPENT is not.

Invest in guaranteed first mortgage certificates and keep your dollar safe for the return of normal conditions.

Any amount from \$100 up to \$450 net.  
Send for Circular P-140  
**LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO.**  
RICHARD M. HURD, President  
Capital and Surplus \$3,000,000  
29 Liberty St., N. Y. 184 Montague St. Bklyn.  
Telephone 7908 Court. Telephone 7908 Main.



## Dr. Brush's KUMYSS

**Sparkling Milk.**  
A rich, sweet milk, modified by fermentation, making a really delicious sparkling beverage. Easy digestion—quickly assimilated. Not a buttermilk.

At hotels—lunch counters—soda fountains.  
**KUMYSS, Inc.**  
R. E. Brush, M.D., President  
610 W. 40th St., New York.

## Rarer Than Orientals

**TECLA** Pearls are purposely limited in production, in order to safeguard them from indiscriminate use, and to maintain their reputation as being even rarer than the genuine Oriental specimens, of which they are the only true copies in existence.

**Tecla**  
138 Fifth Avenue, New York  
10 Rue de la Paix, Paris  
7 Old Bond Street, London

## Cordon & Dilworth — REAL — ORANGE MARMALADE

## Cuticura



**Quickly Soothes Scalp Troubles**  
Treatment: Gently rub Cuticura Ointment on the scalp, and the end of the finger, on spots of dandruff and itching. Follow next morning with a hot shampoo of Cuticura Soap. Repeat in two weeks. Nothing better than these fragrant super-creamy emollients for all skin and scalp troubles.

## Beauty Hints By Louise Glaum

That beautiful actress Louise Glaum says: "A girl or woman who is passed by without a glance of admiration has only herself to blame. No matter how irregular the features anybody who possesses a beautiful complexion will attract attention anywhere. It is now possible through the use of Derwille for anyone to have a beautiful rosy-white complexion. If you would have a beautiful skin, soft, smooth, and velvety, just follow Miss Glaum's advice. You can get Derwille from the toilet counter of any up-to-date drug or department store. It is famous for the instant results it gives. Put it on one side of your face and compare it with the other. You will need no further argument to convince you that it is away ahead of face powder or other beautifiers. Be sure to read large article by Miss Glaum on the care of the skin soon to appear in this paper. In the meantime get Derwille and try it to-day. You will be astonished at the quick results it gives.—Ado.

## DELAY IN SIGNING TURKISH TREATY

Italy May Refuse Consent Until Dispute With Greece Is Settled.

### DELEGATES NOT ON HAND

Matter Complicated by Claim of Greeks to Dodecanese Islands.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN and NEW YORK HERALD. Copyright, 1920, by THE SUN and NEW YORK HERALD.

LONDON, July 29.—What was described as another regrettable delay may occur in connection with the signing of the Turkish peace treaty. This treaty should have been signed at Sevres to-day. The delay in signing it was purely accidental, however, and resulted from the failure of the Turkish plenipotentiaries to arrive in Paris in time.

But even if the Turkish envoys, who are now travelling to Toulon aboard a French cruiser, could arrive in Sevres in time for the signing on Saturday, the affixing of signatures to the pact would be delayed by the Greco-Italian dispute over the Dodecanese.

As a result of a private agreement between Tomasso Tittoni, when he was Italian Foreign Minister, and Eleutherios Venizelos, Premier of Greece, the Greeks agreed to yield to the Italians the Maserado (Mender) Valley in exchange for the twelve small islands of the Dodecanese.

To Keep Rhodes Five Years. Italy insisted on keeping Rhodes for five years, however, after which time, if England surrendered Cyprus to Greece, Italy agreed to hand a plebiscite to determine the future of Rhodes.

After preliminary meetings and the drawing up of the Turkish treaty, Vittorio Scialoja, when he became Italian Foreign Minister, refused to carry out the terms of the Tittoni agreement, whereupon Venizelos refused to sign the Turkish treaty unless Article 122, which gives the islands to Italy, was withdrawn.

Italy also claimed the island of Harkli, and Signor Scialoja suggested another convention. However, Greece is to-day in possession of a good deal of territory not allotted to her in the original treaty draft, and it is not regarded in well informed quarters as probable that she will agree to release these territories unless the agreement between her and Italy in July, 1919, is carried out.

### Will Delay Signing Treaty.

Thus one of the fears expressed against permitting the Greeks a free hand against Mustafa Kemal Pasha in Asia Minor is now apparently justified. It is possible that the signing of the Turkish treaty will be postponed until the Greco-Italian dispute is settled. It is believed in well informed circles here that the whole question is due to the change in the policy of the Italian Cabinet. Signor Giolitti, the present Prime Minister, desiring to conciliate the National party by refusing to carry out the agreement signed by Signor Tittoni. A speedy agreement between the Italians and the Greeks is not looked for here.

By the Associated Press. SMYRNA, July 29.—The Turkish Nationalists attempted a concentration east of Brussa, beyond the Greek zone of occupation, according to an official statement from army headquarters to-day.

"The commander of the Brussa troops," the statement says, "attacked and destroyed the enemy, killing seventy and taking thirty prisoners, besides capturing machine guns, munitions and a flag."

### EX-SOLDIERS IN RIOT IN BELGIAN CHAMBER

Deputies Sit Amazed as Furniture Is Wrecked.

BRUSSELS, July 29.—Thousands of soldiers assembled outside the Chamber of Deputies to-day to demonstrate dissatisfaction with the Government's treatment of former soldiers, who demand that a lump sum be paid every man who served in the war. A body of soldiers broke the police cordon and invaded the Chamber, disregarding Burgomaster Max's appeals. Eventually they were persuaded to leave peacefully.

While in the Chamber the soldiers broke doors, windows and desks, hurling the ushers aside. The men then marched through the Chamber with banners, while the astonished Deputies sat powerless to quell the tumult.

Demonstrators to the number of 150 were arrested but were released on the intervention of the Speaker of the House. A dozen persons were injured during the day.

The scene in the Chamber was an extraordinary one. Soldiers took possession of the seats of the Ministers and Deputies, smoking pipes and shouting that they would not leave until the House had voted their claims. Two Deputies, both of whom saw service in the war, finally were allowed to speak. They promised that the Chamber would consider the claims of the soldiers, which calmed the uproar. The soldiers then left in groups.

It appears that the trouble was largely due to the summoning of gendarmes, who always are unpopular. Their appearance with drawn swords was greeted with shouts of "murderers." It was asserted to-night that the demonstrations would be repeated to-morrow.

### PERUVIANS AWAIT 'JUSTICE' BY LEAGUE

President Leguia Tells Congress of Chile's Affronts.

LIMA, Peru, July 28 (delayed).—Congress convened in ordinary session this afternoon. President Leguia in his message spoke of Peru's adhesion to the League of Nations and praised the American Government's policy for the maintenance of peace on the American continent by intervention in the difficulties with the former Bolivian Government.

The President pointed out that there was a continuation of persecution by Chile of Peruvians resident in Tacna and Arica, but asserted that Peru would maintain a tranquil attitude and await the inevitable decision of international justice with regard to the situation in these provinces.

President Leguia gave Peru's foreign trade totals for the first six months of the present year as \$18,500,000, compared with \$15,000,000 for the same period of last year. The President said he would submit to Congress at an early date a bill establishing a national bank, and also a bill governing petroleum exploitation.

Williams Named Asst. Sec. of War. WASHINGTON, July 29.—William R. Williams of Richmond, Va., has been appointed Assistant Secretary of War, succeeding Benedict Crowell, who resigned recently to return to private business.

## ALLIES IN ACCORD ON NOTE TO SOVIET

Continued from First Page.

truth. A typical example was in the Bolshevik charge that the Vladimir Cathedral in Kiev was blown up before they entered that city, whereas it was proved that the destruction of that cathedral was the work of Bolshevik agents in Kiev.

The names of the Soviet armistice plenipotentiaries have not been received here. The opening of the armistice negotiations between the Poles and Bolsheviks have been postponed until to-morrow evening.

Meanwhile the Bolsheviks are using every moment of their time to complete their military programme. While the fighting has slackened in the north and northeast, in the southwest in the direction of Tarnopol the conflict is very bitter. In military circles here it was said that this was a logical military manoeuvre by the Bolsheviks to cut off Poland from Czechoslovakia and Rumania.

The armistice negotiations are expected to last about five days.

### GERMANY TOLD REDS DO NOT PLAN WAR

Moscow Reports Continued Advance on Poles.

By the Associated Press. LONDON, July 29.—A wireless dispatch from Berlin states that George Thibaut, Bolshevik Minister of Foreign

Affairs, has sent a message to the German Government saying that Russia has no intention of conquest in Germany and is inspired only by feelings of friendship.

According to a military review issued at the War Office in London, the Red commander has issued a similar statement giving two reasons, first, that Russia desires to live peacefully and promote industrial relations with Germany; second, that Russian invasion of East Prussia would provide the strongest national reaction in Germany, which, obviously, is not the Soviet's intention.

Continued advances along virtually the whole front against the Poles are reported in Wednesday's official communiqué from Moscow, which says: "Southwest of Grodno we are driving back the enemy. Through an energetic thrust we reached the line of the River Berezovka, the village of Yanoff, the village of Sokolka and the River Suprasel. In the Polesia region our advance is continuing."

"Our advance is developing successfully in the vicinity of Brody. In the Tarnopol region we have driven the Poles to the right bank of the Sereth. Along the River Zbrucz we have driven the enemy from the heights on the right bank. On a wide front we are continuing to drive back the enemy westward."

WARSAW, July 28.—The War Office communiqué issued to-day announces that the Poles have withdrawn from the northern front in accordance with plans along the line of Gravelo, which is near the East Prussian boundary, extending southeast to Goscowa, to Kamieniet-Litovsk, to Kobryn, which apparently takes Bialystok within the Bolshevik lines. Kamieniet-Litovsk is forty kilometers north of the line of the Sereth. The Polish withdrawal on the extreme left indicates that the Reds are well beyond Poland's line set by the Supreme Council, and fifty kilometers from the line in the region of Brest-Litovsk, as Kobryn is about sixty kilometers north-east of Brest-Litovsk.

The withdrawal in the centre also continues, owing to the northern pressure.

Along the Stry and Sereth, the communiqué says, the Poles are regrouping for a counter offensive on this front, where the Reds are reported to be reinforcing with the design of launching one big push with Lemberg their objective before an armistice is signed.

### POLES ON THEIR WAY TO SIGN ARMISTICE

To Meet Soviet Guard on Brest-Litovsk Road.

By the Associated Press. WARSAW, July 29.—The Polish Committee of National Defence in a wireless message to the Soviet supreme command stated it would send delegates on July 30 with full power to negotiate an armistice who would appear at 3 P. M. on the road between Brest-Litovsk and Baranovitch, where they would meet an advance post of the Soviet army.

Additional French officers attached to the military mission have arrived. All of them will be assigned to various Polish units as technical advisers. A large officers' school, under the supervision of French officers, was opened at Rembertow, a suburb of Warsaw.

The newspapers continue to express their contention that the Soviets do not want peace but desire to invade Poland. They say it is clear from what is transpiring in the northeast that the Bolsheviks are aiming directly at Warsaw, and that in the south they are marching upon Lemberg.

PARIS, July 29.—The Franco-British mission, reporting on the military situation in Poland, says it is not so desperate but that it can be retrieved without great difficulty, if the mission's three main recommendations are followed. It says the Polish man power is satisfactory both as to quality and quantity, although most of the army services are poorly organized. It recommends, first, the immediate sending of munitions to Poland; second, the im-

mediate employment of 200 French officers and 200 British officers, and, third, a regrouping of the Polish army, notably the moving of troops from the Galician front to the northern front.

### JAPAN QUIETS TALK OF MIKADO'S ILLNESS

Marquis Okuma Finds His Condition Improved.

By the Associated Press. TOKYO, July 29.—Marquis Okuma, the former Premier, announced to the press to-day that he had been received by the Emperor, whose illness was the subject of an official bulletin recently. The Marquis said he found the Emperor reduced in weight by his illness, but reported finding his speech clearer and his condition generally improved. His Majesty remarked, added the Marquis, that it was "better for one's health to stop smoking."

It was said on behalf of the Imperial household that the recent bulletin on the Emperor's condition was inspired by a desire to offset reports in circulation in the United States that his condition was critical.

### SOVIET REVOLUTION STARTED AT KOVNO

Lithuanian Government Overthrown, Says Report.

By the Associated Press. WARSAW, July 29.—According to word received here to-day a Soviet revolution had started at Kovno, the Lithuanian Government had been overthrown.

WASHINGTON, July 29.—Official advice from Kovno to the Lithuanian representative here state that representations have been made to the Russian military command by the Lithuanian Government to bring to an end pillaging and general destructive operations in Lithuanian territory occupied by the Bolshevik forces. They will be discussed at the conference soon to be held at Riga between representatives of Lithuania and Russia, to consider the execution of the terms of the peace treaty.

He surrendered, he said, because of loneliness which became unbearable. During his wanderings, he told county authorities, he lived chiefly on the meat of wild animals and berries.

Fattig and his brother Charles fled to the mountains in 1917 because of conscientious scruples against war, he declared.

**TIFFANY & Co.**  
FIFTH AVENUE & 37th STREET  
PARIS, 25 RUE DE LA PAIX LONDON, 221 REGENT STREET

## PEARLS DIAMONDS JEWELRY SILVERWARE STATIONERY

No details of the revolt have reached here.

PORTLAND, Ore., July 29.—Three years of wandering in the mountains of southern Oregon in efforts to escape a charge of evading the selective draft were ended to-day when Alfred Fattig, 27, a farmer, was placed in jail here.

He surrendered, he said, because of loneliness which became unbearable. During his wanderings, he told county authorities, he lived chiefly on the meat of wild animals and berries.

Fattig and his brother Charles fled to the mountains in 1917 because of conscientious scruples against war, he declared.

**W. L. Douglas**  
"THE SHOE THAT HOLDS ITS SHAPE"  
\$7.00 \$8.00 \$9.00 & \$10.00 SHOES FOR MEN AND WOMEN



YOU CAN SAVE MONEY BY WEARING W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

THE best known shoes in the world. They are sold in 107 W. L. Douglas stores, direct from the factory to you at only one profit, which guarantees to you the best shoes that can be produced, at the lowest possible cost. W. L. Douglas name and the retail price are stamped on the bottom of all shoes before they leave the factory, which is your protection against unreasonable profits.

W. L. Douglas \$9.00 and \$10.00 shoes are absolutely the best shoe values for the money in this country. They are made of the best and finest leathers that money can buy. They combine quality, style, workmanship and wearing qualities equal to other makes selling at higher prices. They are the leaders in the fashion centers of America. The stamped price in W. L. Douglas personal guarantee that the shoes are always worth the price paid for them. The prices are the same everywhere; they cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York.

W. L. Douglas shoes are made by the highest paid, skilled shoemakers, under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy.

W. L. Douglas shoes are for sale by over 9000 shoe dealers besides our own stores. If your local dealer cannot supply you, take no other make. Order direct from the factory. Send for booklet telling how to order shoes by mail, postage free.

CAUTION.—Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. The name and price is plainly stamped on the sole. Be careful to see that it has not been changed or mutilated.

W. L. Douglas Stores in Greater New York:

- 85 Nassau Street.
- 847 Broadway, near 14th.
- 1332 Broadway, cor. 38th St.
- 1493 Broadway (Times Sq.)
- 984 Third Avenue.
- 1452 Third Avenue.
- 2202 Third Av., cor. 120th St.
- 2779 Third Av., bet. 148th & 149th Sts.
- 347 Eighth Avenue.
- 250 West 125th Street.
- BROOKLYN.
- 706 Broadway, near Thornton St.
- 1367 Broadway, cor. Gates Avenue.
- 478 Fifth Avenue, cor. 11th Street.
- 859 Manhattan Ave. (Greenpoint)
- 449 Fulton Street.
- JERSEY CITY—18 Newark Avenue.
- HOBOKEN—120 Washington Street.
- UNION HILL—276 Bergantine Ave.
- NEWARK—831 Broad Street.
- PATERSON—192 Market St., cor. Clark.
- TRENTON—29 East State Street.

Stores marked with a \* carry complete lines of W. L. Douglas Shoes for Women.

## Stern Brothers

WEST 42d ST. (Between Fifth and Sixth Avenue) WEST 43d ST.

For this week the Men's Section continues the special purchase event to which New York men have so splendidly responded

**Men's & Young Men's \$50 & \$55 Suits \$28.50**

Such an opportunity as this to buy at so low a figure clothes from one of the country's leading quality manufacturers is seldom offered men of New York.

A wide variety of fabrics—Sizes 34 to 40

**MEN'S SECTION—THIRD FLOOR**

## B. Altman & Co.

MADISON AVENUE—FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK  
Thirty-fourth Street Thirty-fifth Street

A Special-price Sale for To-day  
Ten Thousands Yards of  
Fine-quality All-silk Georgette  
39 inches wide

embracing an extensive variety of the colors in demand, with generous quantities of white, flesh-tone, navy blue and black will be offered

at the phenomenally low figure of

**\$1.58 per yard**

(Sale in the Silk Department, First Floor)

## Kenyon Cord Tires and Tubes



WHEN you can get a little more "off" on some other tire, stop and consider just where you get off.

You get little in this world without paying for it.

Sold by Reliable Dealers  
**C. KENYON COMPANY, Inc.**  
Makers of Kenyon Weatherproof and Kenyon Waterproof Coats  
DEALER'S SERVICE DEPT., 754 Pacific St., Brooklyn, N.Y.  
Phone Prospect 1800 for name of dealer in your neighborhood